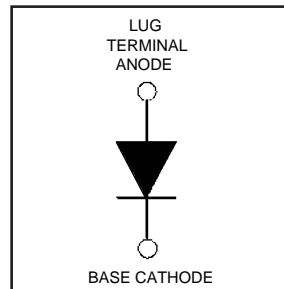


HFA70NH60

Ultrafast, Soft Recovery Diode

Features

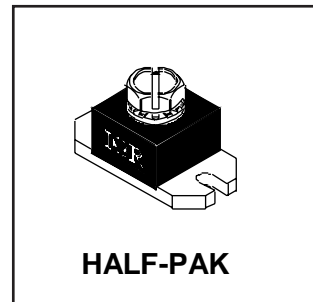
- Reduced RFI and EMI
- Reduced Snubbing
- Extensive Characterization of Recovery Parameters



$V_R = 600V$
$V_F(\text{typ.})^{\text{③}} = 1.2V$
$I_{F(AV)} = 70A$
$Q_{rr}(\text{typ.}) = 340nC$
$I_{RRM}(\text{typ.}) = 8.5A$
$t_{rr}(\text{typ.}) = 33ns$
$di_{(rec)M}/dt(\text{typ.})^{\text{③}} = 220A/\mu s$

Description

HEXFRED™ diodes are optimized to reduce losses and EMI/RFI in high frequency power conditioning systems. An extensive characterization of the recovery behavior for different values of current, temperature and di/dt simplifies the calculations of losses in the operating conditions. The softness of the recovery eliminates the need for a snubber in most applications. These devices are ideally suited for power converters, motors drives and other applications where switching losses are significant portion of the total losses.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (per Leg)

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_R	Cathode-to-Anode Voltage	600	V
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Forward Current	126	A
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Forward Current	63	
I_{FSM}	Single Pulse Forward Current ①	400	
E_{AS}	Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②	220	μJ
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	310	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	125	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		

Thermal - Mechanical Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.4	$^\circ C/W$
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	—	0.15	—	K/W
Wt	Weight	—	26 (0.9)	—	g (oz)
	Mounting Torque ④	15 (1.7)	—	25 (2.8)	lbf•in
	Terminal Torque	30 (3.4)	—	40 (4.6)	(N•m)
	Vertical Pull	—	—	35	lbf•in
	2 inch Lever Pull	—	—	35	

Note: ① Limited by junction temperature
 ② $L = 100\mu H$, duty cycle limited by max T_J
 ③ $125^\circ C$

④ Mounting surface must be smooth, flat, free of burrs or other protrusions. Apply a thin even film of thermal grease to mounting surface. Gradually tighten each mounting bolt in 5-10 lbf•in steps until desired or maximum torque limits are reached. Module

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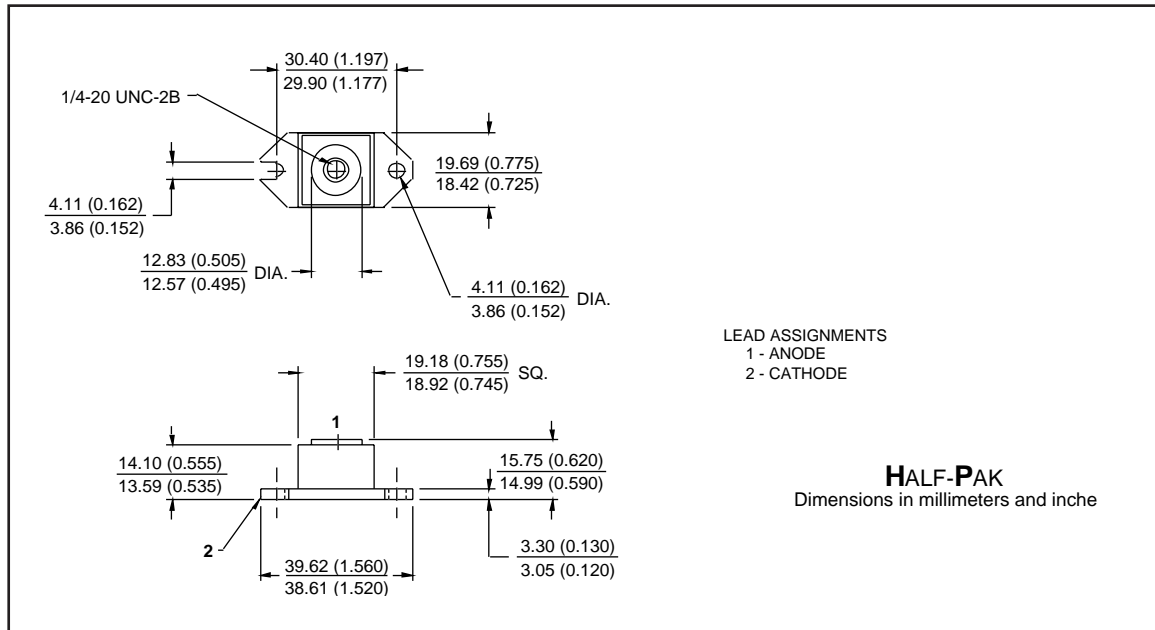
International
IOR Rectifier

Electrical Characteristics (per Leg) @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{BR} Cathode Anode Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$I_R = 100\mu\text{A}$
V_{FM} Max Forward Voltage See Fig. 1	—	1.3	1.5	V	$I_F = 70\text{A}$
	—	1.5	1.7		$I_F = 140\text{A}$
	—	1.2	1.4		$I_F = 70\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RM} Max Reverse Leakage Current See Fig. 2	—	4.0	20	μA	$V_R = V_R$ Rated
	—	1.0	4.0	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}, V_R = 480\text{V}$
C_T Junction Capacitance See Fig. 3	—	140	250	pF	$V_R = 200\text{V}$
L_S Series Inductance	—	7.0	—	nH	From top of terminal hole to mounting plane

Dynamic Recovery Characteristics (per Leg) @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{rr} Reverse Recovery Time	—	33	—	ns	$I_F = 1.0\text{A}, di_f/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{rr1} See Fig. 5	—	80	120		
t_{rr2}	—	140	220		
I_{RRM1} Peak Recovery Current	—	8.5	15	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RRM2} See Fig. 6	—	14	25		
Q_{rr1} Reverse Recovery Charge	—	340	900	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
Q_{rr2} See Fig. 7	—	980	2300		
$di_{(rec)M}/dt1$ Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current	—	300	—	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$di_{(rec)M}/dt2$ During t_b See Fig. 8	—	220	—		



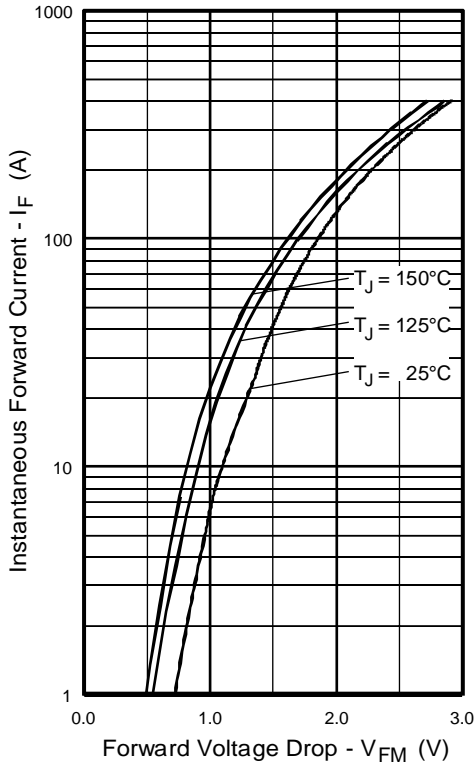


Fig. 1 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

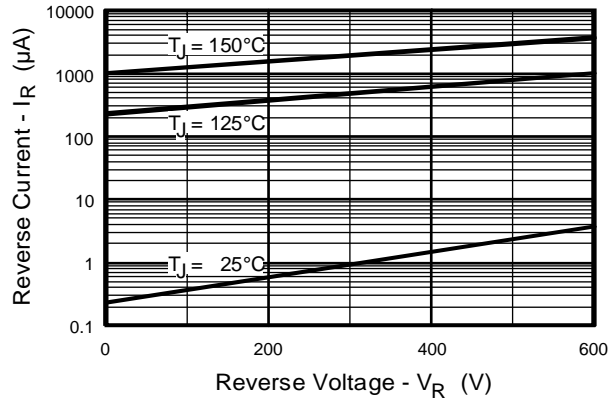


Fig. 2 - Typical Reverse Current vs. Reverse Voltage

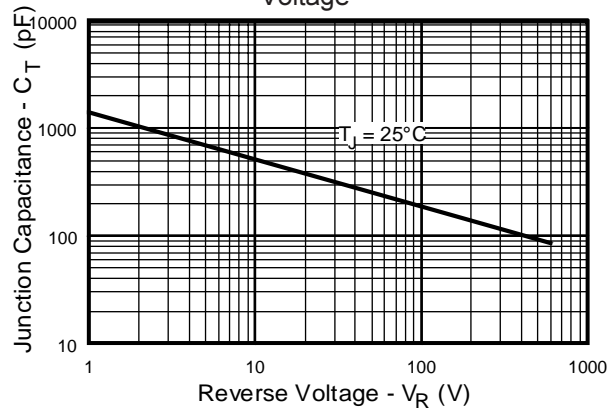


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

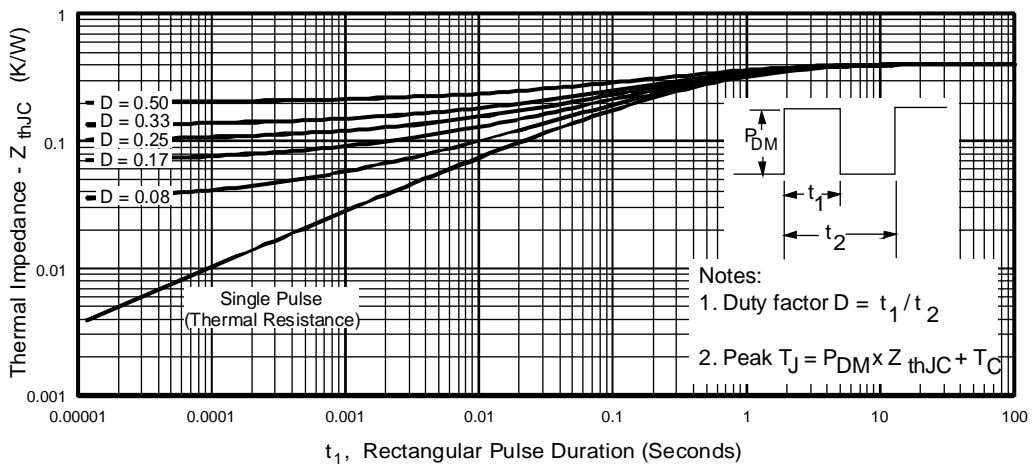


Fig. 4 - Maximum Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics

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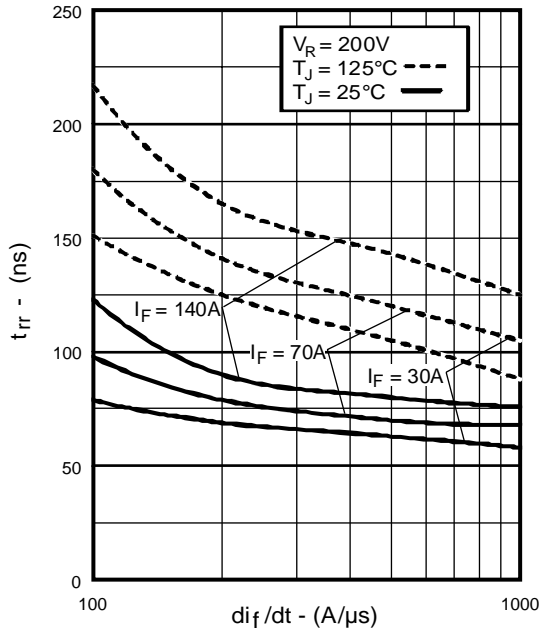


Fig. 5 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

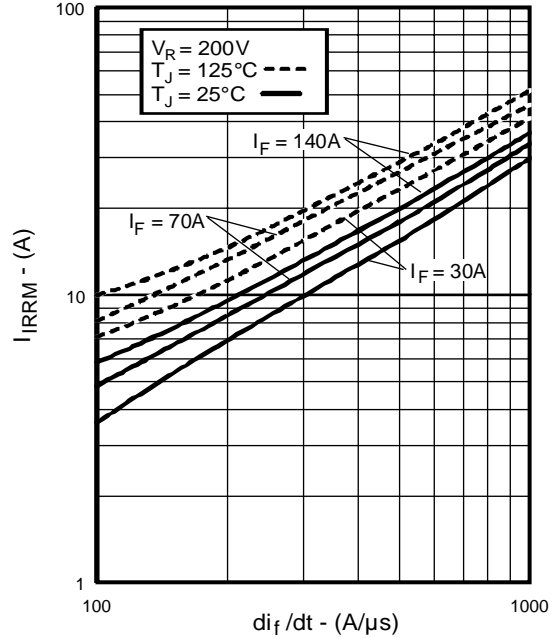


Fig. 6 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

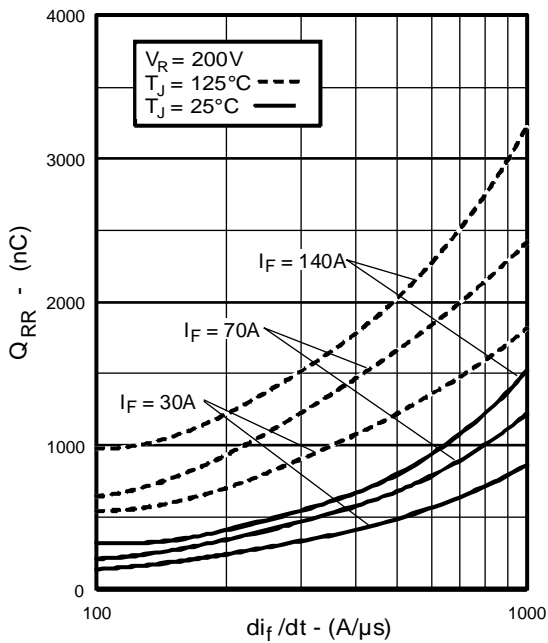


Fig. 7 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

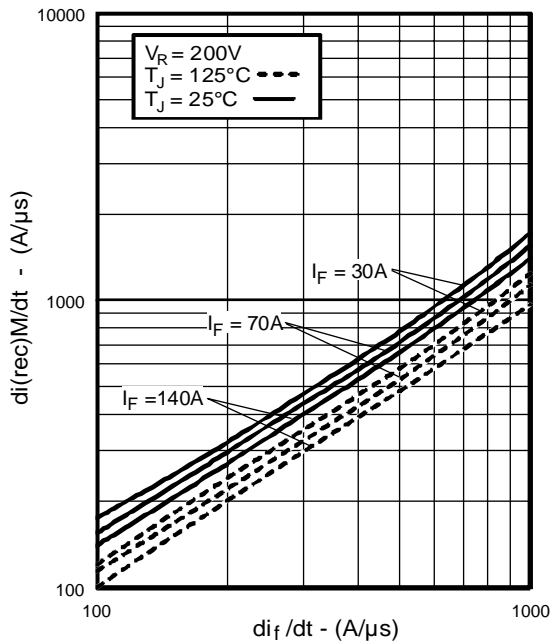


Fig. 8 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

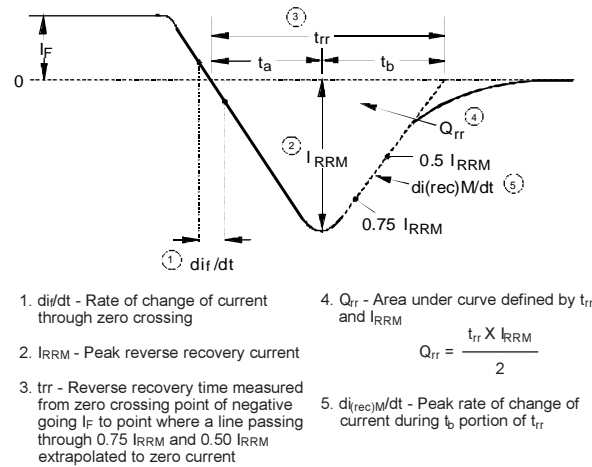
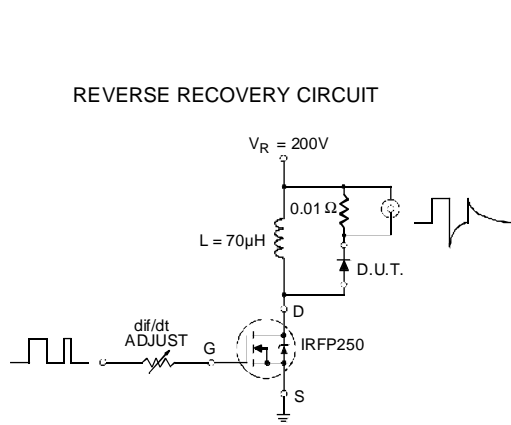


Fig. 9 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit

Fig. 10 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

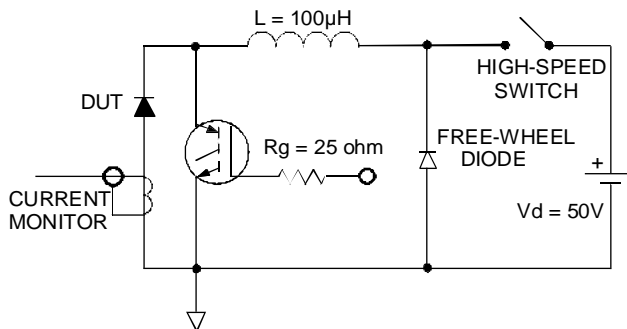


Fig. 11 - Avalanche Test Circuit and Waveforms

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