

FMC6G20US60

Compact & Complex Module

General Description

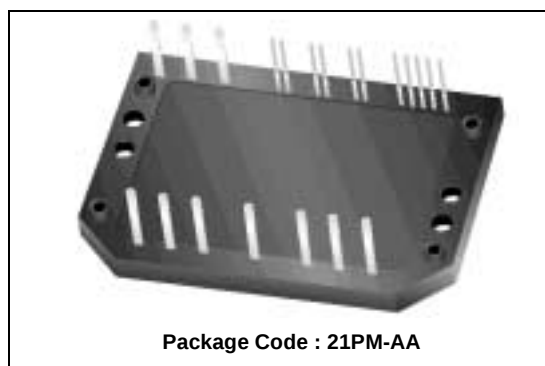
Fairchild's Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT) power modules provide low conduction and switching losses as well as short circuit ruggedness. They are designed for applications such as motor control, uninterrupted power supplies (UPS) and general inverters where short circuit ruggedness is a required feature.

Features

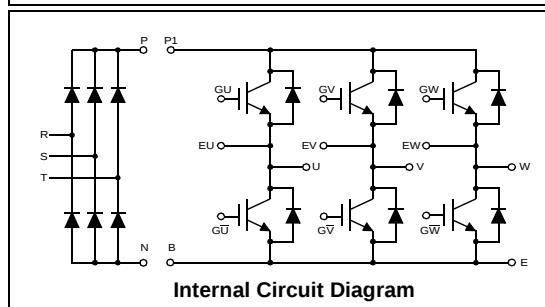
- UL Certified No. E209204
- Short circuit rated 10us @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
- High speed switching
- Low saturation voltage : $V_{CE(sat)} = 2.2\text{ V @ } I_C = 20\text{A}$
- High input impedance
- Built in 3 phase rectifier circuit
- Fast & soft anti-parallel FWD

Applications

- AC & DC motor controls
- General purpose inverters
- Robotics
- Servo controls



Package Code : 21PM-AA



Internal Circuit Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

	Symbol	Description	FMC7G20US60	Units
Inverter	V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	V
	V_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
	I_C	Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
	$I_{CM(1)}$	Pulsed Collector Current	40	A
	I_F	Diode Continuous Forward Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
	I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	40	A
	P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	57	W
Converter	T_{SC}	Short Circuit Withstand Time @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	10	us
	V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
	I_O	Average Output Rectified Current	20	A
	I_{FSM}	Surge Forward Current @ 1Cycle at 60Hz, Peak value Non-Repetitive	200	A
Common	i^2t	1 Cycle Surge Current	164	A^2s
	T_J	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
	T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting Torque	V_{ISO}	Isolation Voltage @ AC 1minute	2500	V
		Mounting part Screw @ M4	1.25	N.m

Notes :

(1) Repetitive rating : Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature

Electrical Characteristics of the IGBT @ Inverter $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Off Characteristics						
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$	600	--	--	V
$\Delta B_{V_{CES}}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1mA$	--	0.6	--	V/°C
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-Off Current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$	--	--	250	uA
I_{GES}	G-E Leakage Current	$V_{GE} = V_{GES}, V_{CE} = 0V$	--	--	± 100	nA
On Characteristics						
$V_{GE(th)}$	G-E Threshold Voltage	$I_C = 20mA, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	5.0	6.0	8.5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V$	--	2.2	2.8	V
Dynamic Characteristics						
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 30V, V_{GE} = 0V,$ $f = 1MHz$	--	1323	--	pF
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance		--	254	--	pF
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	47	--	pF
Switching Characteristics						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{CC} = 300V, I_C = 20A,$ $R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$ Inductive Load, $T_C = 25^\circ C$	--	30	--	ns
t_r	Rise Time		--	49	--	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	48	70	ns
t_f	Fall Time		--	152	200	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss		--	0.52	--	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss		--	0.47	--	mJ
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss		--	0.99	1.4	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{CC} = 300V, I_C = 20A,$ $R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$ Inductive Load, $T_C = 125^\circ C$	--	30	--	ns
t_r	Rise Time		--	51	--	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	52	75	ns
t_f	Fall Time		--	311	400	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss		--	0.57	--	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss		--	1.03	--	mJ
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss		--	1.6	2.2	mJ
T_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	$V_{CC} = 300V, V_{GE} = 15V$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	10	--	--	us
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{CE} = 300V, I_C = 20A,$ $V_{GE} = 15V$	--	55	80	nC
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge		--	10	15	nC
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector Charge		--	25	40	nC

Electrical Characteristics of the DIODE @ Inverter $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _F = 20A	T _C = 25°C	--	2.0	2.8	V
			T _C = 100°C	--	2.3	--	
t _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F = 20A di / dt = 40 A/us	T _C = 25°C	--	75	150	ns
			T _C = 100°C	--	110	--	
I _{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current		T _C = 25°C	--	1.2	1.8	A
			T _C = 100°C	--	1.8	--	
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		T _C = 25°C	--	180	300	nC
			T _C = 100°C	--	400	--	

Electrical Characteristics of the DIODE @ Converter $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20\text{A}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	1.1	1.5	V
			$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	--	1.0	--	
I_{RRM}	Repetitive Reverse Current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	8	mA
			$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	--	5	--	

Thermal Characteristics

	Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
Inverter	$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case (IGBT Part, per 1/6 Module)	--	2.19	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case (DIODE Part, per 1/6 Module)	--	3.0	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Converter	$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case (DIODE Part, per 1/6 Module)	--	2.7	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Weight		Weight of Module	60	--	g

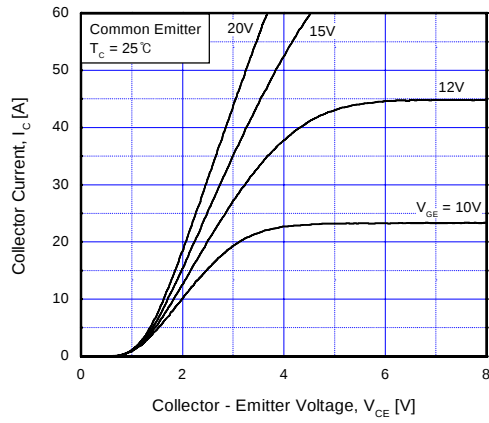


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

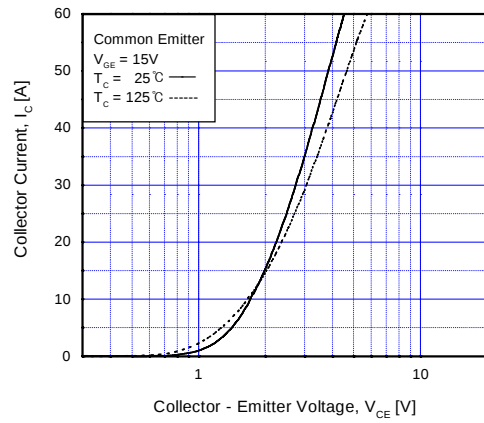


Fig 2. Typical Saturation Voltage Characteristics

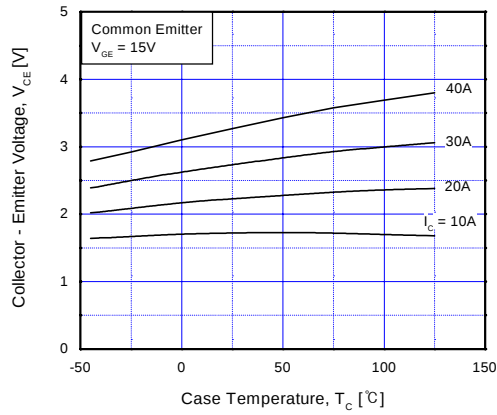


Fig 3. Saturation Voltage vs. Case Temperature at Variant Current Level

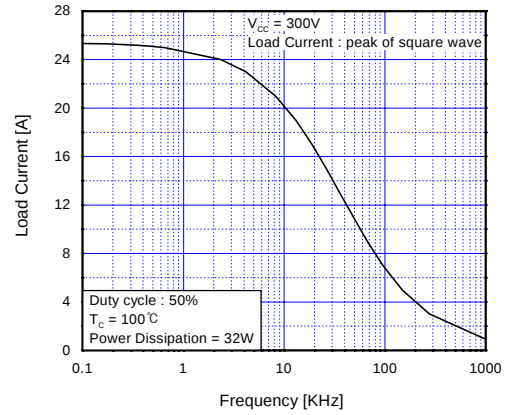


Fig 4. Load Current vs. Frequency

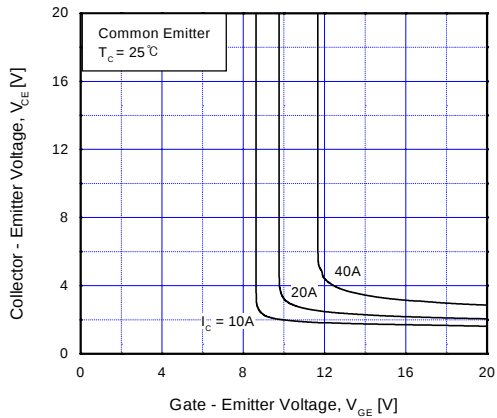


Fig 5. Saturation Voltage vs. V_{GE}

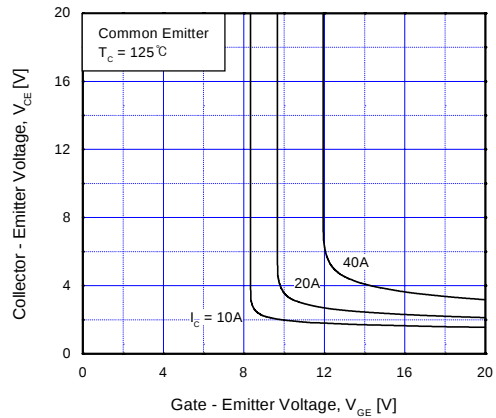


Fig 6. Saturation Voltage vs. V_{GE}

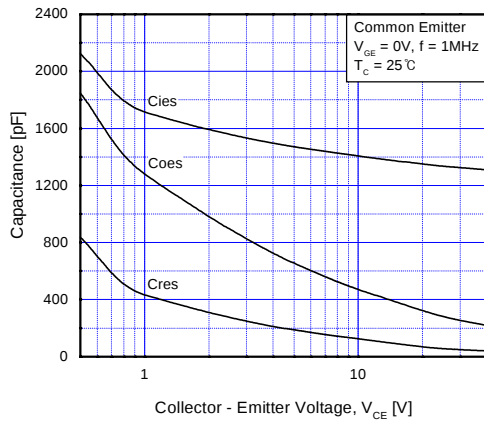


Fig 7. Capacitance Characteristics

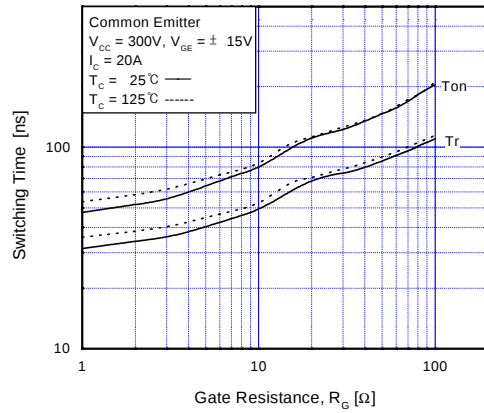


Fig 8. Turn-On Characteristics vs. Gate Resistance

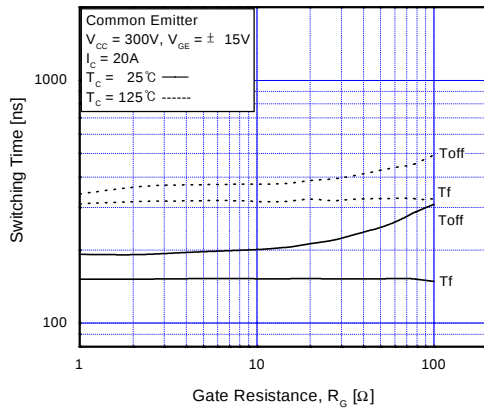


Fig 9. Turn-Off Characteristics vs. Gate Resistance

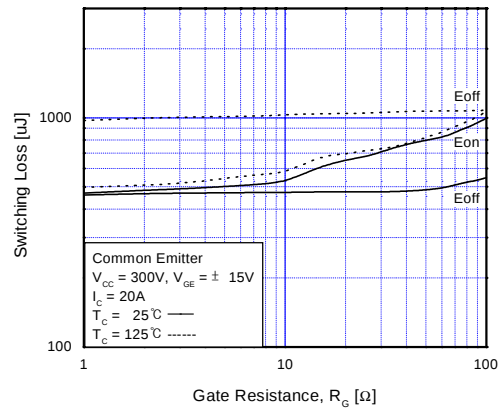


Fig 10. Switching Loss vs. Gate Resistance

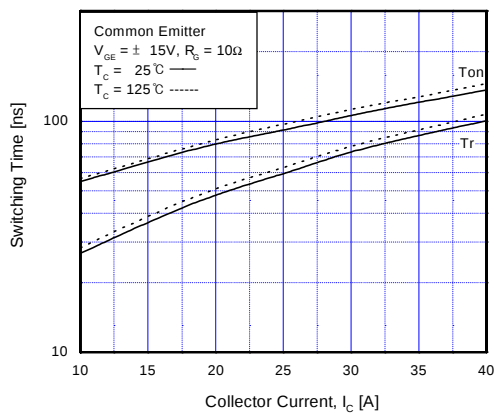


Fig 11. Turn-On Characteristics vs. Collector Current

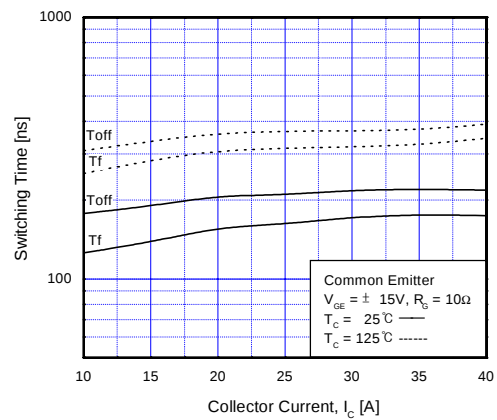


Fig 12. Turn-Off Characteristics vs. Collector Current

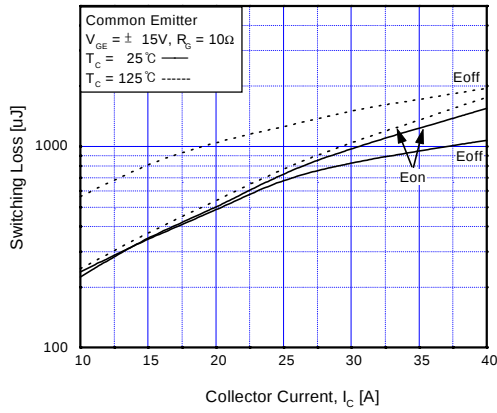


Fig 13. Switching Loss vs. Collector Current

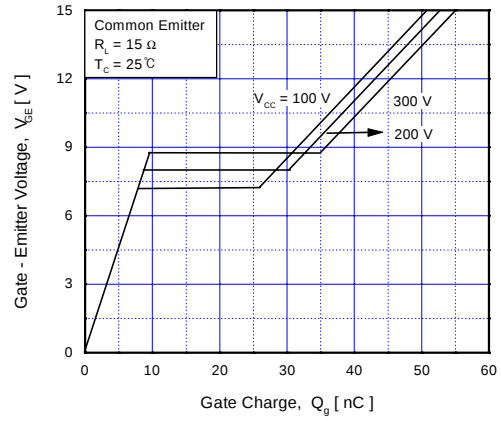


Fig 14. Gate Charge Characteristics

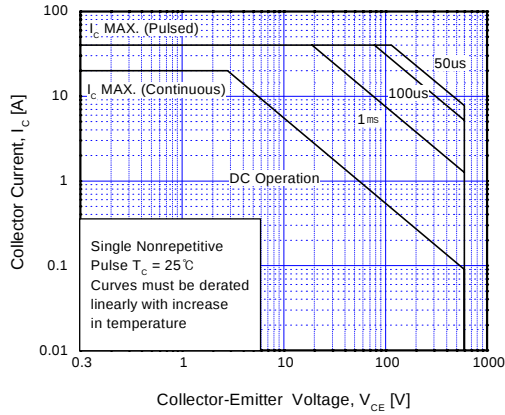


Fig 15. SOA Characteristics

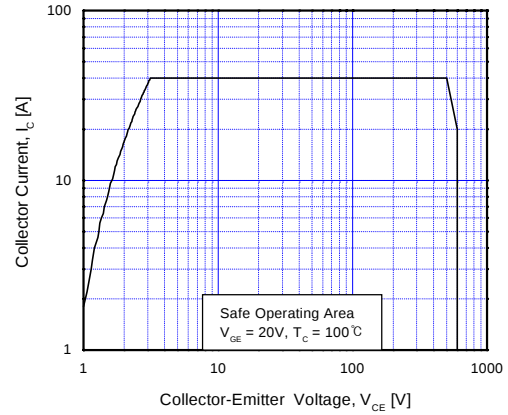


Fig 16. Turn-Off SOA Characteristics

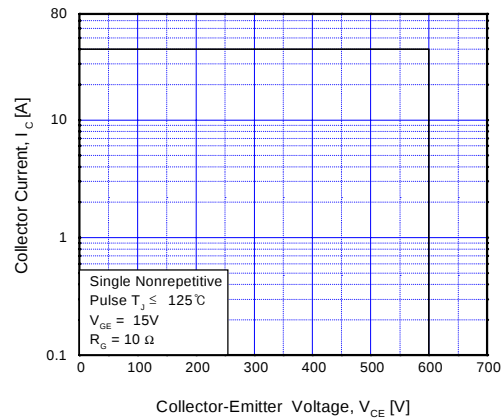


Fig 17. RBSOA Characteristics

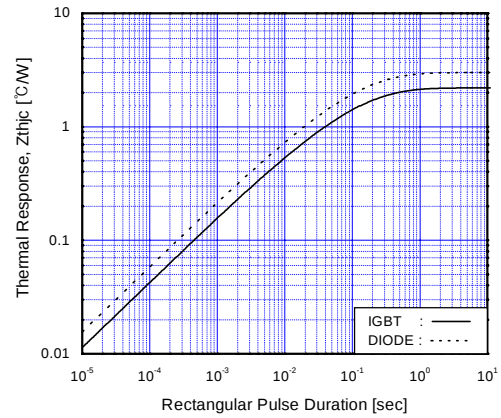


Fig 18. Transient Thermal Impedance

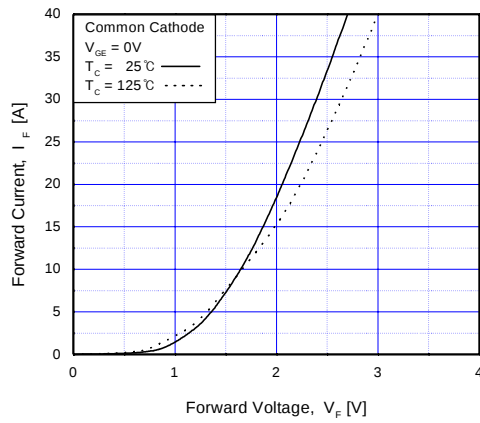


Fig 19. Forward Characteristics

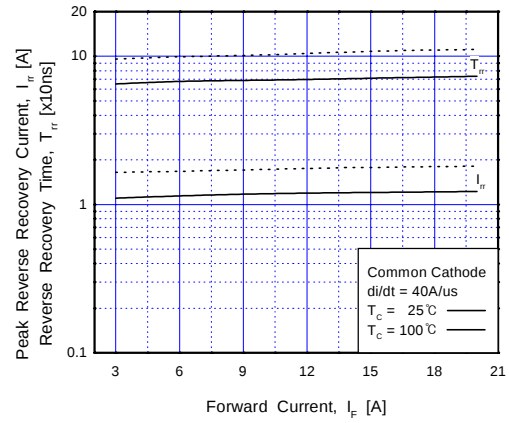
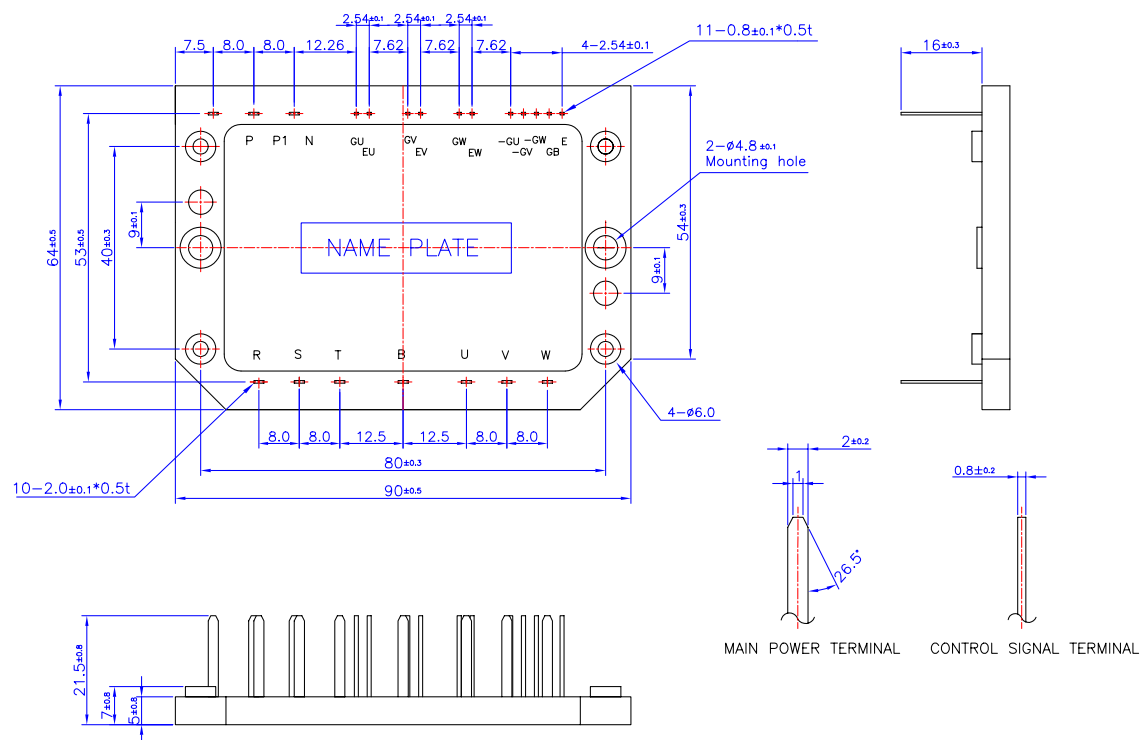


Fig 20. Reverse Recovery Characteristics

Package Dimension

21PM-AA (FS PKG CODE BJ)



Dimensions in Millimeters

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACE _x [™]	FAST [®]	OPTOPLANAR [™]	STAR*POWER [™]
Bottomless [™]	FAST _r [™]	PACMAN [™]	Stealth [™]
CoolFET [™]	FRFET [™]	POP [™]	SuperSOT [™] -3
CROSSVOLT [™]	GlobalOptoisolator [™]	Power247 [™]	SuperSOT [™] -6
DenseTrench [™]	GTO [™]	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT [™] -8
DOME [™]	HiSeC [™]	QFET [™]	SyncFET [™]
EcoSPARK [™]	ISOPLANAR [™]	QS [™]	TruTranslation [™]
E ² CMOS [™]	LittleFET [™]	QT Optoelectronics [™]	TinyLogic [™]
EnSigna [™]	MicroFET [™]	Quiet Series [™]	UHC [™]
FACT [™]	MICROWIRE [™]	SLIENT SWITCHER [®]	UltraFET [®]
FACT Quiet Series [™]	OPTOLOGIC [™]	SMART START [™]	VCX [™]

STAR*POWER is used under license

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR INTERNATIONAL.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.